SESSION 16: THE TABERNACLE

A. Importance of the Tabernacle

- A. Covenant was more that an agreement to follow orders
 - a. Israel was a holy nation
 - b. God would be in the midst.
- B. The Tabernacle explains how God will be in the midst
 - a. Tabernacle How God would be near to His people
 - b. Leviticus -How people could be near to God.
- C. Note the pattern.
 - a. God acts first
 - i. Abraham
 - ii. Israel delivered from Egypt
 - iii. God in the midst.
 - b. Israel is asked to respond.
 - i. Abraham Leave and follow
 - ii. Israel- enter a covenant.
 - iii. Israel- offer the sacrifices.

B. Structure of the Tabernacle

- 1. Tabernacle was a collapsible, movable structure
 - a. Small 75x150 fl. (25x50 m.)
 - b. Each part carried by priests.
- 2. Most of the "structure was a courtyard, open to the air.
- 3. Central building was quite small 15x45 ft. (5x15 m.)
 - a. Two parts
 - b. Holy place first 15x30 ft. (5x10m.)

- c. Holiest of All 15x15x15 ft (5x5x5 m.)
- 4. Structure laid out east west with the worshiper facing west.

C. What do we encounter as we go progressively inside the tabernacle?

- Outer court
 - a. Bronze Altar
 - b. Bronze Laver (Bowl)
 - c. Bronze speaks of judgment.
- 2. Holy place
 - a. Table of shewbread on right.
 - b. Golden lampstand on left
 - c. Golden altar straight ahead
 - d. Gold speaks of purity.
- 3. Holy of holies (Holiest of All)
 - a. Ark of the covenant
 - i. Aaron's rod
 - ii. Iar of munna
 - iii. Table of the Law:
 - b. Mercy seat. on top of the ark
 - i. Two covering cherubim
 - ii. Presence of God manifested

D. What the Tabernacle would signify to Israel.

- 1. SACRIFICE Tabernacle was a place of sacrifice not of group worship.
- 2. SEPARATION Curtains kept God hidden from view.
- 3. HOPE- A way was made to deal with sin und come near.