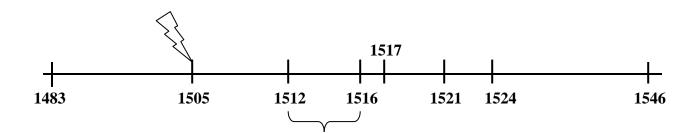
Lessons from Martin Luther's Prayer Life

Prayer Conference 2015 Michael Garreau

I. Synopsis of Luther's Life



II. Why we should listen to Martin Luther

	A. He understood the	of	praying	' -	
	1. Looking back Luther wrote, "Prayer under the papacy was pure of the poor conscience and only blabbering and making words; no praying but a work of obedience."				
	2From this great torment we are now delivered by the"				
	B. He felt the pressures of,		, finances, & _		
	1 professor at Univer	sity of Wittenbu	urg.		
	2. Preaching on weekends:s	sermons in	years.		
	3 children of whom died be	efore reaching	adulthood.		
	4 & difficultie	es.			
	C. He kept prayer to his	and	!		
	1. Luther both and	much on praye	r.		
	2. Luther lived constantly aware of his need of the prayers of others. Hardly a letter can be found in which Luther does not write, ""				
	3. Luther was by close friends as a man of prayer.				
	D. He experienced in his	prayer life.	•		
	The reality of his own struggles and fail condescending or idealistic manner. His ap and insigh	oproach to pray	9		
III.	Martin Luther's Teaching on Prayer				
	A. Prayer finds its	and	by faith in	n the	
	of God's Word.				

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	1. In a sermon on prayer, Luther said, "if you wish to be well prepared [for prayer], take the promise and lay hold of God with it Without faith in the promise, there is then, neither nor to pray, but mere uncertain delusion and a melancholy spirit; there is, therefore, no hearing of prayers, and both prayer and labor are lost."				
	2. You are fit to pray when "you proceed with bold courage, trusting in the and certain of your gracious God."				
В. F	Prayer is the means to of Scripture and spiritual				
	1. "That the Holy Scriptures cannot be penetrated by study and talent is most certain. Therefore your first is to begin to pray, and to pray to this effect that if it please God to accomplish something for His glory—not for yours or any other person's—He very graciously grant you a true understanding of His words. For no master of the divine words exists except the Author of these words, as He says: 'They shall be all taught of God' (John 6:45). You must, therefore, completely of your own industry and ability and solely on the inspiration of the Spirit."				
	Prayer is the most and yet the most				
	1. "As a shoe maker makes a shoe, or a tailor makes a coat, so ought a Christian to pray. Prayer is the daily of a Christian."				
	2. "There is no work like prayer. Mumbling with the mouth is easy but with earnestness of heart to follow the words in deep devotion, that is, with desire and faith, so that one earnestly desires what the words say, and not to doubt that it will be heard: that is a great deed in God's eyes."				
	3. "So then, as there is nothing that Christians must do more frequently than praying, so there is also nothing that requires more and effort and, for this reason, is more and more fruitful."				
D. F	Prayer should be,, and				
	 "It is of great importance that the heart be made and for prayer. As the Preacher says, "Prepare your heart for prayer, and do not tempt God" [Ecclus. 18:23]. What else is it but tempting God when your mouth babbles and the mind wanders to other thoughts?" 				
	2. "if anything is to be done well, it requires the full attention of all one's senses and members, as the proverb says, "He who thinks of many things, thinks of nothing and does nothing right." How much more does prayer call for and singleness of heart if it is to be a good prayer!"				
Е. F	Prayer is the chief in the against the				
	1. "We know that our lies in prayer. We are too weak to resist the devil and his vassals. Let us hold fast to the weapons of the Christian; they enable us to combat the devil our enemies may mock at us. But we shall oppose both men and the devil if we maintain ourselves in prayer and if we persist in it."				

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	2. The devil attempts to hinder praying in several ways:
	 a) Satan attempts to sow seeds of doubt into our hearts by reminding us of our great
	b) Satan suggests that this is a time.
	c) Satan attempts to convince us of the of prayer.
	3. Luther encouraged Christians to counter the devil's attacks in the following ways:
	 a) Never let your sense of keep you from prayer. He urged believers to let their sin and need drive them to God, not away from him.
	b) "It is a good thing to let prayer be the first business of the morning and the last at night. In another place, Luther encourages a of prayer saying that we "should form the habit of praying daily for our needs, whenever we are aware of anything that affects us or other people around us."
	c) "Behold, you could repulse the devil and all his false suggestions by basing your prayer on these three things: God's, His, and the and words Christ Himself taught. These things the devil cannot deny or annul."
F.	Prayer should be after the Prayer.
	"A Christian has prayed who has rightly prayed the Lord's Prayer."
	2. Caution: "You should also know that I do not want you to recite all these words in your prayer. That would make it nothing but idle chatter and prattle Rather do I want your heart to be stirred and concerning the which ought to be comprehended in the Lord's Prayer. These thoughts may be expressed, if your heart is rightly warmed and inclined toward prayer, in many different ways and with more words of fewer."
G.	Prayer should be and not overly
	1. "Look to it that you do not try to do all of it, do not try to do too much, lest your spirit grow weary. Besides, a good prayer mustn't be too long. Do not draw it out. Prayer ought to be and"
	2. "Brief prayerspregnant with the Spirit, strongly fortified by faiththe fewer the words, the better the prayer. The more the words, the worse the prayer. Few words and much meaning is"
Н.	Prayer should with a firm "".
	1. "Finally, mark this, that you must always speak the Amen firmly. Never that God in his mercy will surely hear you and say "yes" to your prayers. Never think that you are kneeling or standing alone, rather think that the whole of Christendom, all devout Christians, are standing there beside you and you are standing among them in a commor united petition which God cannot disdain. Do not leave your prayer without having said or thought, "Very well, God has heard my prayer; this I know as a and a